Math 260: Linear Algebra Proofs: Mathematical Induction

Use mathematical induction to prove each of the following statements:

- 1) \forall integers $n \ge 0$, $n^3 + n$ is even. 2) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$ for all integers $n \ge 1$. 3) $1 + 3 + 3^2 + 3^3 + 3^4 + \dots + 3^n = \frac{3^{n+1}-1}{2}$ for all integers $n \ge 1$. 4) $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$, $7^n 3^n$ is a multiple of 4.